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HIV / AIDS THESAURUS

SECOND EDITION • NOVEMBER 2006

Revised by Erica Lee and Bill Jeffery

ACT
AIDS Committee of Toronto

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HIV/AIDS Thesaurus

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First edition, 2000

First edition prepared by Mark Robertson and Mary Anne Howse

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Introduction

Preface to the Second Edition

The AIDS Committee of Toronto (ACT) is pleased to present the second edition of the *HIV/AIDS Thesaurus*.

In 2002 the ACT Library began indexing articles selected from the periodicals we subscribe to and entering the records in our library catalogue. Terms were added to the *HIV/AIDS Thesaurus* by Adam Taves, Subject File Librarian hired for the project, and Nicky Davis, former ACT librarian, to accommodate article indexing. The original, unmodified thesaurus continued to be used with the cataloguing of all other formats.

In the summer of 2005, we decided to merge the cataloguing and indexing versions of the thesaurus. We believed a merged list would be easier to maintain and would simplify our use of the thesaurus for cataloguing, indexing, and online catalogue searching. New terms were also added and structural changes made as problems with the current use of the thesaurus were identified. The review was undertaken by ACT librarians Erica Lee and Bill Jeffery.

Some changes of note include:

- Broadened scope of some terms for use in non-HIV specific context; we assume terms will be applied in an HIV-related context and use additional terms to indicate when a term is not describing something HIV-related (e.g. “Testing” would refer to HIV testing, use of “Testing” and “Hepatitis” would refer to testing for hepatitis)
- Updated list of geographical terms
- Modification of some terms to conform with ACT Style Guide
- “Types of clinical manifestations” hierarchy renamed and restructured as “Types of diseases and disorders”
- “Basic science information” hierarchy renamed and restructured as “Scientific and medical information”
- Significant restructuring of “Health information” hierarchy

We have followed the basic principles outlined in the first edition of the thesaurus. The original Preface and Introduction have been reprinted and updated for this edition.

As our collection and the nature of the HIV/AIDS epidemic develop we may need to add new vocabulary to keep our thesaurus relevant. Please visit our website at www.actoronto.org for any changes and updates.

Acknowledgements for the Second Edition

We would like to recognize the staff at ACT who reviewed and commented on sections of the thesaurus for us. Their feedback helped ensure our thesaurus reflected the language used within ACT's HIV/AIDS community. We would like to thank Michael Anthony, Nick Boyce, Rui Pires, Andrew Taylor, Haran Vijayanathan, and Jocelyn Watchorn. Our manager, Winston Husbands, also provided us with support, encouragement, and feedback throughout the review process.

We would also like to thank Mary Anne Howse, Coordinator/Program Specialist at the Marion Powell Women's Health Information Centre, Women's College Hospital, for her feedback and answers to our questions about the first edition of the thesaurus, and Dr Stanley Read, HIV/AIDS physician at the Hospital for Sick Children, for his feedback and suggestions.

Finally, we would like to acknowledge the supporting contribution of our library volunteers, with special thanks to Adam Taves for all his work and enthusiasm.

Preface to the First Edition

The AIDS Committee of Toronto (ACT) is pleased to present the first edition of the *HIV/AIDS Thesaurus*. Work on the thesaurus began in 1998 by Mark Robertson and Mary Anne Howse, librarians at the AIDS Committee of Toronto.

Initially our intention in developing this tool was to address subject access problems we were encountering in the catalogues of the ACT Library. Until 1998 we were using a subject heading list which had evolved unsystematically over time. The list was uneven and had no structure. Some subject areas were covered in depth while other areas received only superficial treatment. The classification and retrieval of material by subject was becoming increasingly problematic.

We searched for a thesaurus to replace our subject heading list, but could not find one which suited our purposes. We needed a thesaurus which was comprehensive, community-based, and designed for use in a library collection (books and videos rather than articles). When we could not find an appropriate alternative, we decided to create our own thesaurus.

Eventually we realized that the tool we were developing would be useful to other HIV/AIDS libraries and resource centres. In the spring of 1999 we presented a draft of the thesaurus at a Canadian HIV/AIDS Resource Centre Network (CANNET) workshop in Toronto. The positive feedback from CANNET encouraged us to publish the thesaurus.

ACT's *HIV/AIDS Thesaurus* will be accompanied by a companion volume published by the Canadian AIDS Treatment Information Exchange (CATIE). CATIE will be publishing a new edition of their *HIV/AIDS Treatment Thesaurus*. Together the ACT and the CATIE thesauri will comprise a two volume set. Because these two tools are different in scope and purpose, they will serve as useful complements.

To remain relevant, thesauri must be revised over time; new issues emerge and language changes. ACT will continue to develop the *HIV/AIDS Thesaurus*, and we welcome suggestions and feedback. Further editions may be published in the future. In the meantime, the thesaurus will be available online at the AIDS Committee of Toronto website www.actoronto.org. Please check the website for changes and updates.

Acknowledgements for the First Edition

We are greatly indebted to the contributions and support of staff at the AIDS Committee of Toronto. In the spring of 1999 we put together a team of program staff to help review sections of the thesaurus. We incorporated many of the suggestions provided by staff who are so intimately familiar with the language and literature of HIV and AIDS. We would like to thank Lorelee Gillis, Roger LaRade, John Maxwell, Todd Minerson, and Michael Willan for their valuable input.

We would also like to acknowledge the help of Jocelyne Chaperon Beck, who coordinated the Canadian HIV/AIDS Resource Centre Network (CANNET) through the Canadian HIV/AIDS Clearinghouse. Jocelyne has been enormously supportive of this project and has provided us with feedback and direction.

Finally, we would like to thank Robert MacKay-Melrose, former Librarian at the Canadian AIDS Treatment Information Exchange (CATIE). We worked together with Robert to publish this thesaurus as a companion to CATIE's *HIV/AIDS Treatment Thesaurus*.

Purpose of a Thesaurus

Most people think of Roget's when they think of a thesaurus, but thesauri are also bibliographical tools used in libraries and information systems. Thesauri for library and information systems are used to organize material (books, articles, electronic documents, database records, etc.) into consistent subject categories and to provide meaningful subject access to this material.

Anyone who has searched the Internet knows the frustrations of keyword searching. No matter how well we formulate a search, we are faced with information overload: hundreds of documents that are irrelevant or only tangentially related to our interests. Even when we find material on topic, we never know if our search was comprehensive; did we get all there was? The thesaurus is a bibliographic tool that prevents these sorts of problems by providing a network of valid subject terms, or "controlled vocabulary," that can be used to classify and retrieve information.

For example, a thesaurus provides control over the terminology used in an information system. Systematic searches are impossible in databases that allow only keyword searching. A thesaurus prevents the splintering of material resulting from the use of synonyms and overlapping vocabulary. A thesaurus ensures that each concept is represented by a single preferred term and that all synonyms direct the user to that term.

A thesaurus also lays out all your options by providing an overview of the subject terminology. Thesaurus terms are structured into hierarchies reflecting the various aspects of the subject area. These hierarchical structures allow the thesaurus to show relationships among terms. The thesaurus can, therefore, function as a map of the subject area and can lay out all relevant options for the user: broader, narrower, and related terms. Broader terms indicate more general concepts available, narrower terms suggest more specific concepts, and related terms indicate other relevant terms. This map ensures that the search for and classification of information is exhaustive.

Thesauri have traditionally been used mostly in library catalogues and indexes, but can also be used or adapted for other types of information systems, such as databases, filing systems, websites, etc. This thesaurus will provide an important model for information management at a time when AIDS service organizations and other community groups are exploring the potential of new information technologies.

Scope of the HIV/AIDS Thesaurus

Although there are many specialized thesauri in the health and the social sciences, the *HIV/AIDS Thesaurus* is unique in its character and focus.

- 1. Community-based** - We have tried as much as possible to make the thesaurus reflect the language and values of community-based AIDS service organizations, rather than the terminology of technical or medical professions. The thesaurus is, therefore, not based on existing systems such as *Library of Congress Subject Headings (LCSH)* or *Medical Subject Headings (MeSH)*. For example, we use the term “Poppers” rather than the more technical term “Amyl Nitrates”, and “Drug Use” rather than the more judgmental term “Drug Abuse”.
- 2. Comprehensive** - Resource centres in AIDS service organizations tend to collect a broad range of HIV/AIDS material. The thesaurus reflects this broad scope by covering all aspects of HIV/AIDS: everything from basic science and treatment to prevention, the arts and the psychological, social, and political aspects of the epidemic.
- 3. Based on Literary Warrant** - “Literary warrant” is a concept librarians use to decide whether the creation of a subject term is justified by the quantity of literature available. We only created subject terms when there were sufficient numbers of books, periodical articles, videos, and audio tapes to warrant the heading. Other subject tools take theory as their point of departure not the production and publication of information. We avoided creating terms simply on the basis of theoretical considerations or out of a sense of symmetry. For instance, we allow for the headings “Hepatitis B” and “Hepatitis C”, but do not include terms for other types of hepatitis (e.g. hepatitis A, hepatitis D, etc.). This decision was made because “Hepatitis B” and “Hepatitis C” are *warranted* by the number of books and videos on that topic, while books specific to other types of hepatitis are rare in our collection.
- 4. Based on a Psychosocial, Consumer Health Collection** - The first edition of the thesaurus was developed to describe the broad subject scope of books. Narrower terms are added to the second edition so that the thesaurus can be used to describe the more specific content of periodical articles. The thesaurus still remains, however, a list of terms used to describe a psychosocial, consumer health focused collection. The overall depth of the thesaurus has not greatly increased and terms are still more general than terms that would be used to describe articles in a medical or treatment focused collection.

The ACT and the CATIE Thesauri: A Comparison

ACT's *HIV/AIDS Thesaurus* is accompanied by a companion volume published by the Canadian AIDS Treatment Information Exchange (CATIE). CATIE is publishing a new edition of their *HIV/AIDS Treatment Thesaurus*. Because the ACT and the CATIE thesauri were developed to manage the information resources of their respective organizations, they reflect the different mandates of the two agencies; they differ in scope, depth, and language. While the thesauri are useful companion pieces, these differences should be considered in deciding which thesaurus is most appropriate for particular purposes.

- 1. Scope** - The ACT and the CATIE thesauri cover different subject areas. The CATIE thesaurus is bilingual (English and French) and provides thorough coverage of HIV treatment information in the following areas: opportunistic infections and conditions; tests and diagnostics; complementary treatments and therapies; drug treatments and trials; physiological systems; molecular genetics; HIV disease progression; and HIV structure and reproductive cycle. Other subject areas are given minor coverage. ACT's thesaurus, on the other hand, has a broader scope and covers all aspects of HIV: everything from treatment and diseases and disorders to education, prevention, fine arts, and the psychosocial, legal, and economic aspects of the epidemic. In order to give the user more terminology options, we do make reference to the CATIE thesaurus in some scope notes. However, it is important to remember that the purpose and scope of each thesaurus is quite different.
- 2. Depth** - The ACT and the CATIE thesauri provide different levels of detail because they were designed to help organize different types of material. ACT's thesaurus has been developed to describe books, periodical articles, and audiovisual material in a psychosocial, consumer health focused collection. The thesaurus, therefore, reflects the broader scope of this kind of literature. The CATIE thesaurus, on the other hand, was created primarily to index treatment articles, which tend to be about more specific topics. CATIE's thesaurus, therefore, offers more in-depth coverage of treatment in order to accommodate the specificity of treatment articles.
- 3. Language** - The language of the two thesauri also reflects the different kinds of material the ACT and CATIE thesauri were intended to organize. CATIE's bilingual thesaurus contains technical and medical language by necessity since the literature of treatment is often technical. The ACT thesaurus uses more community-based language since the collection is of a more general nature.

A Note on Geographical Terms

Although this thesaurus does not include geographical terms, we have provided ACT's list of geographic headings below. These may be used as thesaurus terms or as sub-divisions of existing headings. We have not incorporated these geographical terms into the rest of the thesaurus because they reflect the focus of our particular collection, its Canadian content, and our concern that material not be fragmented by too many headings. Instead you may wish to create your own list of geographic headings, or adopt terms from another source.

We use this list as sub-divisions of our main thesaurus terms (e.g. Social aspects - Canada). For periodical articles, we use geographic terms as main thesaurus terms, not sub-divisions. We have limited ourselves to names of continents, but since our collection is almost entirely English language, we allow for the names of countries in which English is spoken. We also allow for the names of Canadian provinces, since much of our material is Canadian.

Africa
 South Africa
Asia
 South Asia
 Southeast Asia
Australia
Caribbean
Central America
Developing countries
Europe
 Eastern Europe
 Western Europe
 United Kingdom
International
Middle East
New Zealand
North America
 Canada
 Alberta
 British Columbia
 Manitoba
 New Brunswick
 Newfoundland
 Northwest Territories
 Nova Scotia
 Nunavut
 Ontario
 Toronto
 Prince Edward Island
 Quebec
 Saskatchewan
 Yukon Territory
 Mexico
 United States
South America

Thesaurus Codes

The terms which have been chosen to represent a concept in the thesaurus are called “preferred terms”. These terms are preferred over synonyms or other non-preferred terms. The alphabetical section of the thesaurus lists preferred terms as well as non-preferred terms which direct the user to valid entries. The following codes are used to express the relationships among terms.

USE

Non-preferred terms are listed with a USE reference leading the user to the preferred term. Non-preferred terms are usually those words or phrases that are considered synonyms of the preferred term. For example, the entry for “Lexicons” directs the user to use the preferred term “Dictionaries” instead. Non-preferred terms may also be professional terms, acronyms, or variations in spelling of the preferred term. Sometimes non-preferred terms represent a more specific concept which is associated with a preferred term of broader scope (e.g. “Autobiographies, USE Biographies”).

SN - Scope Note

Scope notes provide instructions on how a term is to be interpreted. These definitions usually reflect common usage, but may also stipulate certain limits and conditions. Scope notes often specify what is to be included and excluded, and may also direct the user to other similar terms.

UF - Use For

Headings listed under “Use For” are not valid headings. These are variations of terms which the thesaurus does not allow. For instance, “Drug trials” is listed as a “Use For” under the heading “Clinical trials”. If you look up the entry for “Drug trials”, you will see: “Drug trials, USE Clinical trials”. Every UF is accompanied by a USE entry.

BT - Broader Term

Broader terms are one level up in the hierarchy from the entry you are looking up. For instance, “Testing” is listed as a broader term under the entry for “Mandatory testing”. Broader terms give the searcher the option of searching at a more encompassing and macro level.

NT - Narrower Term

Narrower terms are one level down in the hierarchy from the entry you are looking up. For instance, “Counselling” is listed as a narrower term under the entry for “Psychological aspects”. Narrower terms are always reciprocal to broader terms (BT) (i.e. “Psychological aspects” is listed as a broader term under the entry for “Counselling”). Narrower terms give the searcher the option of searching for more specific items.

RT - Related Term

Related terms are terms which are similar to the term you are looking up, but which are not strictly broader or narrower terms. Terms are listed as related terms under an entry if it is likely that someone looking up the one term would be interested in the other term. For instance, “Spiritual aspects” is listed as a related term (RT) under the entry for “Religious aspects”.

Display Formats

The *HIV/AIDS Thesaurus* is divided into two main sections: the alphabetical display and the hierarchical display.

Alphabetical display

The alphabetical display lists terms alphabetically and provides information such as scope notes (SN), use for (UF) references, broader terms (BT), narrower terms (NT), and related terms (RT).

Example:

Etiology

SN Include here works on the cause(s) of HIV/AIDS. Exclude works on transmission.

UF Aetiology

Cause of AIDS

BT Science and medicine

NT Etiology - Alternative theories

RT Pathogenesis

Normally this is the display format searchers and classifiers find most useful. It explains how to interpret the term and what other choices are available. The broader and narrower terms are generated by the hierarchical displays (part II), but much of the information (scope notes, “use for” references, and related terms) is not given elsewhere in the thesaurus.

Hierarchical display

Although the hierarchical display is generally used less frequently than the alphabetical display, it is the backbone of the thesaurus and determines many of the relationships between terms. This section of the thesaurus consists of a series of independent hierarchies, each on a particular subject area (e.g. Legal aspects, Prevention, Health care management).

Example:

Economic aspects

Disability

Employment issues

Financial aspects

Health care costs

Treatment costs

Insurance

Benefits

Viatical benefits

Poverty

Homelessness

Workplace aspects

Narrower terms are indicated by being indented under broader headings. On occasion a term may appear twice within the same hierarchy if it is a member of two different classes of concepts (e.g. “Hepatitis” is under “Infections diseases” and “Liver disorders”). Terms do not, however, appear in two different independent hierarchies.

The hierarchical display is useful because it provides overviews of entire subject areas. For example, one can look at all terms on economic issues at once instead of having to guess which relevant terms are available in the alphabetical display. Furthermore, the alphabetical display only shows the relationship of terms one level up or down in the hierarchy (narrower or broader terms). The hierarchical display, on the other hand, shows all hierarchical levels at once.

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Alphabetical Display

**Aboriginals**

- UF Native people
- BT Populations
- RT Cultural aspects

Abstinence

- BT Sexual behaviour

Abuse

- USE Violence

Access to care

- SN Include here works on factors affecting an individual's ability to access health care services.
- BT Health care management
- NT Access to treatments
- RT Access to social services
 - Health care costs
 - Health care system
 - Health literacy

Access to social services

- SN Include here works on factors affecting an individual's ability to access social services.
- BT Social services
- RT Access to care

Access to treatments

- BT Access to care
- RT Treatment costs
 - Treatments

Activism

- SN Include here works on direct action to raise awareness and bring about change.
- BT Political aspects
- RT Advocacy

Actors

- BT Artists
- RT Movies
 - Theatre

Acupuncture

- BT Holistic treatments

Addiction

- UF Chemical dependency
 - Sexual addiction
- BT Mental health
- NT Alcoholism
 - Smoking
- RT Drug use
 - Substance use

Adherence

- USE Treatment compliance

Advance directives

- USE Living wills

Advertising

- SN Include here works on the use of commercial advertising.
- BT Media

Advocacy

- SN Include here works on championing or representing issues to effect political change.
- BT Political aspects
- RT Activism
 - Public policy

Aetiology

- USE Etiology

Aged

- USE Older adults

Aging

- BT Health and well-being
- RT Older adults

AIDS Committee of Toronto (ACT)

BT AIDS service organizations

AIDS service organizations

BT Community-based organizations

NT AIDS Committee of Toronto (ACT)

RT Prevention programs
Social services**AIDS testing**

USE Testing

AIDSphobia

BT Discrimination

Alcoholism

BT Addiction

Allopathic drugs

USE Drug therapy

Alternative therapy

USE Complementary therapy

Ambulance attendants

USE Emergency workers

American sign language

UF ASL

Sign language

BT Language and linguistics

RT Deaf

Anal cancer

BT Cancer

Anal sex

BT Sexual behaviour

NT Barebacking

Anatomy

UF Physiology

BT Science and medicine

Anonymous testing

BT Voluntary testing

Antibody testing

USE Testing

Antineoplastic agents

USE Chemotherapy

Antiretroviral treatments

USE Drug therapy

Antiviral drugs

USE Drug therapy

Aromatherapy

BT Holistic treatments

Art

USE Visual art

Art therapy

BT Holistic treatments

Arthritis

BT Bone and muscle disorders

Artists

SN See Fine arts and Literature for arts included in this category.

BT Populations

NT Actors

Authors

Musicians

Visual artists

RT Fine arts

Asians

BT Populations

RT Cultural aspects

ASL

USE American sign language

Assisted suicide
USE Euthanasia

Atlases

SN Include here medical atlases. For geographical atlases see Epidemiological maps.
BT Information resources

Attachment inhibitors
USE Entry inhibitors

Authors

BT Artists
RT Literature

Autobiographies
USE Biographies

Awareness campaigns
USE Campaigns

Ayurvedic medicine

BT Traditional medicine

AZT

UF Retrovir
Zidovudine
BT Nucleoside analogues



Back-to-work
USE Employment issues

Bacterial infections
USE Infectious diseases

Barebacking

BT Anal sex

Bathhouses

BT Queer culture

Benefits

BT Insurance

Bereavement

UF Grief
Loss
BT Mental health
RT Death

Best practices

SN Include here works on the development and use of best practices.
BT Information resources

Bibliographic tools

USE Library tools

Bibliographies

SN Include here only bibliographies of general aspects of HIV/AIDS. For bibliographies of a specific aspect see specific aspect.
BT Information resources

Biographies

UF Autobiographies
BT Literature

Biology

USE Science and medicine

Birth control

USE Contraception

Bisexuality

BT Sexual orientation
RT Bisexuals
Coming out
Homosexuality
Men who have sex with men

Bisexuals

- BT Populations
- RT Bisexuality
Homosexuality
- LGBT
- Men who have sex with men

Blacks

- SN Include here works on people of African descent.
- BT Populations
- RT Cultural aspects

Blindness

- BT Ophthalmological disorders

Blood disorders

- UF Hematological disorders
Hematology
- BT Diseases and disorders
- NT Hemophilia

Blood products

- SN Include here works on transmission of the virus through blood only. For works on systems of blood safety and screening see Blood supply.
- BT Transmission
- RT Blood supply

Blood supply

- SN Include here works on systems of blood safety and screening only. For works concerning transmission of the virus through blood see Blood products.
- BT Health care system
- RT Blood products

Bone and muscle disorders

- UF Rheumatic disorders
- BT Diseases and disorders
- NT Arthritis
Osteoporosis

Braille

- BT Language and linguistics

Breast milk

- USE Breastfeeding

Breastfeeding

- UF Breast milk
- BT Mother-to-child transmission

Bronchitis

- USE Respiratory disorders

Burn-out

- BT Mental health



Campaigns

- SN Include here works on coordinated messages with a defining theme that are delivered to the public to increase awareness and understanding of prevention issues.
- UF Awareness campaigns
Prevention campaigns
PSAs
Public service announcements
- BT Prevention
- RT Prevention education
Social marketing

Cancer

- UF Dysplasia
Neoplasms
Oncology
- BT Diseases and disorders
- NT Anal cancer
Cervical cancer
Kaposi's sarcoma
Lymphoma

Candida

USE Candidiasis

Candidiasis

UF Candida

Candidosis

Thrush

Yeast infections

BT Infectious diseases

RT Gynecological disorders

Oral disorders

Candidosis

USE Candidiasis

Cannabis

USE Marijuana

Capacity building

BT Organizations

Cardiovascular disorders

UF Heart problems

BT Diseases and disorders

RT Metabolic disorders

Care provider-patient relationship

USE Relationship with care providers

Caregiving

SN Include here works on providing practical and emotional support for an individual with HIV/AIDS.

BT Social services

RT Home care

Relationship with care providers

Cartoon art

USE Comics

Case definition

SN Include here works on the classification and definition of HIV diseases. For works on the classification of HIV strains and subtypes see Viruses.

BT Epidemiology

RT Viruses

Case management

BT Health care management

RT Social services

Cause of AIDS

USE Etiology

CD4 counts

BT Lab tests

Cervical cancer

BT Cancer

RT Gynecological disorders

CFS

USE Chronic Fatigue Syndrome

Chemical dependency

USE Addiction

Chemotherapy

UF Antineoplastic agents

BT Drug therapy

Children

UF Pediatric AIDS

BT Populations

NT Children of HIV-infected parents

RT Children's resources

Families

Mother-to-child transmission

Pediatrics

Children of HIV-infected parents

BT Children

Children's resources

SN Include here works for an audience under 13 years of age.

UF Juvenile literature

BT Information resources

RT Children

Youth resources

Chinese medicine

UF Oriental medicine

Traditional Chinese medicine

BT Traditional medicine

Chlamydia

BT Sexually transmitted infections

Christianity

BT Religious aspects

NT Roman Catholic Church

Chronic Fatigue Syndrome

UF CFS

Chronic Immune Dysfunction Syndrome

CIDS

EBV

Epstein Barr Virus

BT Fatigue

Chronic Immune Dysfunction Syndrome

USE Chronic Fatigue Syndrome

Church policies

USE Religious aspects

CIDS

USE Chronic Fatigue Syndrome

Circumcision

SN Include here works on male or female circumcision.

BT Transmission

Classification

USE Library tools

Clinical trials

UF Drug trials

BT Research

RT Drug development

Club drugs

USE Party drugs

CMV

USE Cytomegalovirus

Co-infection

SN Include here works on the effect other infectious diseases have on HIV disease progression within an individual.

BT Cofactors in HIV progression

RT Infectious diseases

Cofactors in HIV progression

SN Include here works on factors within the body and outside the body that affect HIV disease progression.

BT HIV disease progression

NT Co-infection

Genetics

Collaborations

USE Partnerships

Combination therapy

BT Drug therapy

NT HAART

Comics

UF Cartoon art

BT Literature

Coming out

- BT Sexual orientation
- RT Bisexuality
- Homosexuality

Communication

- SN Include here works on the role of effective communication in understanding and delivering prevention messages. For communication between individuals during safer sex negotiation see Safer sex negotiation.
- BT Prevention
- RT Health literacy

Community health services

- USE Social services

Community-based organizations

- SN Include here works on non-profit organizations representing and serving the needs of defined local communities.
- BT Organizations
- NT AIDS service organizations

Community-based research

- BT Research

Community-based services

- USE Social services

Complementary therapy

- SN Refer to CATIE's *HIV/AIDS Treatment Thesaurus* section "Complementary therapies" for additional terms if needed.
- UF Alternative therapy
- Treatments-Alternative
- BT Treatments
- NT Holistic treatments
- Medicinal plants
- Traditional medicine

Compliance

- USE Treatment compliance

Computers

- USE Electronic resources

Condoms

- UF Female condoms
- BT Safer sex products

Conferences

- SN Include here works on conferences on the general aspects of HIV/AIDS. For conferences on specific aspects of HIV/AIDS see the specific aspect.
- UF Forums
- BT Research

Confidentiality

- USE Privacy

Consent to treatment

- USE Informed consent

Conspiracy theories

- USE Etiology - Alternative theories

Contaminated needles

- SN Include here only works on transmission through contaminated needles. Exclude prevention issues. For works on preventing transmission from intravenous drug use see Injection drug use or Needle exchanges.
- BT Transmission
- RT Injection drug use
- Needle cleaning
- Needle exchanges

Contraception

- UF Birth control
- BT Reproductive issues

Cookbooks

- BT Information resources
- RT Diet
Nutrition

Coping

- SN Include here works on an individual's ability to cope emotionally and psychologically with adverse conditions. For coping with death see Bereavement.
- BT Mental health

Counselling

- BT Psychological aspects
- NT Cross-cultural counselling
Peer support
Psychotherapy
Self-help techniques
Support groups
- RT Counsellors
Treatments

Counsellors

- BT Populations
- RT Counselling

Couples

- USE Relationships

Court cases

- SN Include here the text of specific court decisions. Include also commentary on the decisions.
- BT Legal aspects
- RT Legislation

Creative writing

- SN Include here works on writing as a form of therapy.
- BT Literature

Criminal law

- SN Include here general works on criminal law and the criminalization of HIV transmission.
- BT Legal aspects

Cross-cultural counselling

- BT Counselling

Cryptosporidiosis

- BT Infectious diseases

Crystal meth

- UF Meth
Tina
- BT Drug use
- RT Party drugs

Cultural aspects

- SN Include here works on the impact of culture.
- UF Diversity
Multiculturalism
Race relations
- BT Social aspects
- RT Aboriginals
Asians
Blacks
Latin Americans

Curricula

- SN Include here works on the development and content of learning programs.
- BT Education

Cytomegalovirus

- UF CMV
- BT Herpes
- RT Ophthalmological disorders

**Dance**

BT Fine arts

Dating

SN Include here works on dating services and the process of getting to know prospective partners through social activities.

BT Social interactions

RT Relationships

Deaf

BT People with disabilities

RT American sign language

Death

SN Include here works dealing with the psychological aspects of dying and death. For works on ethical aspects of death (e.g. euthanasia and suicide) see Ethics.

BT Psychological aspects

RT Bereavement

Dementia

BT Neurological disorders

Dental dams

USE Safer sex products

Dental hygiene

SN Include here general works on dental care.

BT Health and well-being

RT Oral disorders

Depression

BT Mental health

Dermatological disordersUF Dermatology
Molluscum contagiosum
Skin disease
BT Diseases and disorders
NT Herpes
Human papilloma virus
Kaposi's sarcoma**Dermatology**

USE Dermatological disorders

Determinants of health

SN Include here general works. For works on specific determinants use specific terms (e.g. Housing, Access to care, etc.)

BT Health care management

RT Population health

Developmentally delayed

USE People with intellectual disabilities

Diabetes

BT Endocrinological disorders

Diarrhea

BT Gastrointestinal disorders

RT Wasting syndrome

DictionariesUF Glossaries
Lexicons
BT Information resources
NT Medical dictionaries
RT Language and linguistics**Diet**

SN Include here works on meals, menus, recipes and various eating regimens.

UF Food

BT Health and well-being

NT Macrobiotic diet

RT Cookbooks

Nutrition

Digestive system

USE Gastrointestinal disorders

Directories

BT Information resources

Disability

SN Include here works on legal and economic aspects of the status of disability.

BT Economic aspects

RT People with disabilities

Disabled

USE People with disabilities

Disclosure

SN Include here general works on voluntary and/or involuntary disclosure.

BT Ethics

RT Privacy
Social interactions

Discrimination

SN Include here works on unequal treatment based on prejudice towards a characteristic of a person or group (e.g. sexual orientation, age, race, etc.).

BT Human rights

NT AIDSphobia
Homophobia
Racism

Diseases and disorders

SN Refer to CATIE's *HIV/AIDS Treatment Thesaurus* section "HIV-related conditions" for additional terms if needed.

NT Blood disorders
Bone and muscle disorders
Cancer
Cardiovascular disorders
Dermatological disorders

Endocrinological disorders

Fatigue

Gastrointestinal disorders

Gynecological disorders

Infectious diseases

Liver disorders

Metabolic disorders

Mitochondrial toxicity

Neurological disorders

Ophthalmological disorders

Oral disorders

Psychiatric disorders

Respiratory disorders

Sexual dysfunction

Urological disorders

Wasting syndrome

Dissident theories

USE Etiology - Alternative theories

Diversity

USE Cultural aspects

Doctor-patient relationship

UF Physician-patient relationship

BT Relationship with care providers

RT Physicians

Doctors

USE Physicians

Domestic violence

BT Violence

Drama

USE Plays

Drug approval

BT Health care management

Drug costs

USE Treatment costs

Drug development

- SN Include here works on the research and development of pharmaceutical drugs used in the treatment of HIV/AIDS and related disorders.
- UF Pharmaceutical policy
- BT Health care management
- RT Clinical trials
Pharmaceutical industry

Drug holidays

- USE Interruptions of drug therapy

Drug interactions

- BT Drug therapy

Drug legalization

- BT Legal aspects
- RT Marijuana

Drug resistance

- BT Drug therapy
- NT Resistance testing
Treatment failure

Drug therapy

- SN Refer to CATIE's *HIV/AIDS Treatment Thesaurus* sections "Drugs" and "Drug Treatment Strategies" for additional terms if needed.
- UF Allopathic drugs
Antiretroviral treatments
Antiviral drugs
Drug treatments
Psychopharmacology
Psychotropic drugs
- BT Treatments
- NT Chemotherapy
Combination therapy
Drug interactions
Drug resistance
Entry inhibitors
Interruptions of drug therapy
NNRTI

- Nucleoside analogues
- Pharmacokinetics
- Prophylaxis
- Protease inhibitors
- Salvage therapy
- Starting drug therapy
- Treatment simplification
- Viagra

Drug treatments

- USE Drug therapy

Drug trials

- USE Clinical trials

Drug use

- SN Include here works on recreational drug use. For pharmaceutical drugs see Drug therapy.
- UF Drugs, recreational
Recreational drugs
- BT Prevention
- NT Crystal meth
Injection drug use
Party drugs
Poppers
- RT Addiction
Drug users
Harm reduction
Marijuana
Substance use

Drug users

- BT Populations
- NT Injection drug users
- RT Drug use

Drugs, recreational

- USE Drug use

Dyslipidemia

- USE Metabolic disorders

Dysplasia

- USE Cancer

**EBV**

USE Chronic Fatigue Syndrome

Economic aspects

SN Include here works on HIV/AIDS and its financial impact on economies. For works on the financial impact of HIV/AIDS on individuals see Financial aspects.

NT Disability
Employment issues
Financial aspects
Health care costs
Insurance
Poverty
Workplace aspects

Education

SN Include here works on the role of education in understanding HIV/AIDS. For education on specific topics, see also Prevention education and Treatment education.

NT Curricula
Health promotion
Outreach
Peer education
Schools
Sexual education
Teaching guides
Training

RT Prevention education
Treatment education

Elderly

USE Older adults

Electronic resources

SN Include here works on computers, databases, CD-ROMs etc.
UF Computers
BT Information resources
NT Online resources

Emergency workers

UF Ambulance attendants
Firefighters
Police
BT Populations

Employment guides

SN Include here works on cover letters, resumes, job hunting and other guides to gaining employment.
BT Information resources
RT Employment issues

Employment issues

SN Include here works on re-employment, back-to-work issues, and other issues concerning gaining employment. For issues in the workplace see Workplace aspects.
UF Back-to-work
Returning to work
BT Economic aspects
RT Employment guides
Workplace aspects

Encyclopedias

BT Information resources
NT Medical encyclopedias

Endocrinological disorders

UF Endocrinology
Glandular system
Lymphatic system
BT Diseases and disorders
NT Diabetes
RT Metabolic disorders

Endocrinology

USE Endocrinological disorders

Entry inhibitors

UF Attachment inhibitors
 BT Drug therapy
 NT Fusion inhibitors
 RT HAART

Epidemiological forecasting

BT Epidemiology

Epidemiological maps

BT Epidemiology

Epidemiology

SN Include here works that discuss the number of people with HIV/AIDS (prevalence), rate of new infections (incidence), causes and trends in the spread and movement of HIV across time, locations, and populations, and the statistical tracking of the epidemic (surveillance). Do not use term if the work does not have a significant focus on epidemiology but merely reports epidemiological information as part of a larger discussion on other issues.

UF Geography of AIDS
 Statistics

NT Case definition
 Epidemiological forecasting
 Epidemiological maps
 Mortality
 Transmission

Epstein Barr Virus

USE Chronic Fatigue Syndrome

Essays

UF Literary collections
 BT Literature

Estate planning

SN Include here general works on practical and financial preparations for death.
 BT Legal aspects
 NT Living wills
 Power of attorney
 Wills
 RT Funerals

Ethical aspects

USE Ethics

Ethics

UF Ethical aspects
 BT Philosophical aspects
 NT Disclosure
 Ethics of testing
 Euthanasia
 Informed consent
 Medical ethics
 Privacy
 Research ethics
 Suicide

Ethics of testing

SN Include here works on ethical and political issues in HIV testing.
 BT Ethics
 RT Testing

Ethics, Medical

USE Medical ethics

Etiology

SN Include here works on the cause(s) of HIV/AIDS. Exclude works on transmission.
 UF Aetiology
 Cause of AIDS
 BT Science and medicine
 NT Etiology - Alternative theories
 RT Pathogenesis

Etiology - Alternative theories

- UF Conspiracy theories
- Dissident theories
- BT Etiology

Euthanasia

- UF Assisted suicide
- BT Ethics
- RT Suicide

Exercise

- UF Fitness
- Physical exercise
- BT Health and well-being
- RT Tai chi
- Yoga

Eye disease

- USE Ophthalmological disorders



Families

- BT Social interactions
- RT Children
- Parents

Fashion

- BT Fine arts

Fatigue

- BT Diseases and disorders
- NT Chronic Fatigue Syndrome

Female condoms

- USE Condoms

Feminism

- SN Include here works from a feminist theory perspective.

- UF Feminist theory
- BT Gender issues
- RT Women
- Women's rights

Feminist theory

- USE Feminism

Fiction

- SN Include here novels or short stories with HIV/AIDS as a theme.
- BT Literature

Film

- USE Movies

Financial aspects

- SN Include here works on HIV/AIDS and its financial impact on individuals. For works on the financial impact of HIV/AIDS on economies see Economic aspects.
- BT Economic aspects

Fine arts

- SN Include here works about fine art with HIV/AIDS as a theme. For works on fundraising benefits see Fundraising events.
- NT Dance
- Fashion
- Memorials
- Popular culture
- Theatre
- Visual art
- RT Artists

Firefighters

- USE Emergency workers

Fitness

- USE Exercise

Flu

- USE Influenza

Food

USE Diet

Forums

USE Conferences

FTM

USE Trans people

Funding

SN Include here general works on funding of organizations.

BT Organizations

NT Fundraising
Grants

RT Government funding

Funding, Government

USE Government funding

Fundraising

BT Funding

NT Fundraising events

Fundraising events

BT Fundraising

Funerals

SN Include here works on services in memory of those who have died. For works on projects created in memory of those who have died see Memorials.

BT Social aspects

RT Estate planning
Memorials

Fungal infections

USE Infectious diseases

Fusion inhibitors

BT Entry inhibitors



Gastrointestinal disorders

UF Digestive system

Gastrointestinal system

BT Diseases and disorders

NT Diarrhea

Gastrointestinal system

USE Gastrointestinal disorders

Gay culture

USE Queer culture

Gay history

USE Queer history

Gay men

BT Men

RT Gay youth

Homosexuality

LGBT

Gay youth

BT Youth

RT Gay men

Homosexuality

LGBT

Gender issues

SN Include here works on gender as a determining or influencing social factor.

BT Social aspects

NT Feminism

Masculinity

RT Trans people

General works

SN Include here basic information about

HIV/AIDS and very general works that cannot be more specifically categorized.

UF Popular works

Genetics

SN Include here works on the role of an individual's genes in HIV disease progression.

UF Host genetics

BT Cofactors in HIV progression

Genotypic testing

USE Resistance testing

Geography of AIDS

USE Epidemiology

Glandular system

USE Endocrinological disorders

Glossaries

USE Dictionaries

Gonorrhea

USE Sexually transmitted infections

Government funding

SN Include here works on funding provided by any level of government.

UF Funding, Government

BT Political aspects

RT Funding

Government organizations

BT Organizations

Government policy

UF Governmental aspects

BT Public policy

Governmental aspects

USE Government policy

Grants

BT Funding

Grief

USE Bereavement

Gynecological disorders

UF Gynecology

BT Diseases and disorders

RT Candidiasis

Cervical cancer

Gynecology

USE Gynecological disorders



HAART

SN Include here general works on the use of HAART to treat HIV infection. For works on specific aspects of HAART regimens (e.g. drug resistance, side effects, treatment compliance, etc.) use specific terms and not HAART.

UF Highly active antiretroviral therapy

BT Combination therapy

RT Entry inhibitors

NNRTI

Nucleoside analogues

Protease inhibitors

Hairy leukoplakia

USE Oral disorders

Handicapped

USE People with disabilities

Harm reduction

- SN Include here works on harm reduction models and principles.
- BT Prevention
- NT Methadone programs
 - Needle cleaning
 - Needle exchanges
 - Safer injection sites
- RT Drug use
 - Health promotion
 - Risk reduction

Healing

- SN Include here general works on holistic approaches to restoring personal balance and wholeness, including the consideration of physical, emotional, mental, and spiritual factors.
- BT Holistic treatments

Healing touch

- USE Therapeutic touch

Health and well-being

- SN Include here works on health related factors that affect personal wellness.
- BT Health care management
- NT Aging
 - Dental hygiene
 - Diet
 - Exercise
 - Lab tests
 - Long-term survival
 - Mind-body connection
 - Newly diagnosed
 - Nutrition
 - Pain management
 - Pets
 - Rehabilitation
 - Reproductive issues
- RT Mental health

Health care costs

- BT Economic aspects
- NT Treatment costs
- RT Access to care

Health care delivery

- SN Include here works on factors affecting an organization's or professional's ability to deliver health care services.
- BT Health care management
- RT Health care organizations
 - Health care workers
 - Social service delivery

Health care directives

- USE Living wills

Health care management

- SN Include here general works on strategies for managing health and factors that impact health care management. Strategies may include drug therapies, complementary therapies, well-being, etc.
- NT Access to care
 - Case management
 - Determinants of health
 - Drug approval
 - Drug development
 - Health and well-being
 - Health care delivery
 - Quality of life
 - Relationship with care providers
 - Treatments

Health care organizations

- SN Include here works on organizations providing medical and health care services.
- BT Organizations
- NT Hospitals
- RT Health care delivery

Health care system

- SN Include here works on health policy administration.
- UF Medical care system
- BT Public policy
- NT Blood supply
- RT Access to care

Health care workers

- UF Medical personnel
- BT Populations
- NT Nurses
Physicians
- RT Health care delivery
Relationship with care providers

Health literacy

- SN Include here works on an individual's ability to read, understand, and act upon health related information.
- BT Literacy
- RT Access to care
Communication

Health promotion

- SN Include here works on the theory and practice of health promotion as a model.
- BT Education
- RT Harm reduction
Risk reduction

Heart problems

- USE Cardiovascular disorders

Hematological disorders

- USE Blood disorders

Hematology

- USE Blood disorders

Hemophilia

- BT Blood disorders

Hepatitis

- BT Infectious diseases
Liver disorders
- NT Hepatitis B
Hepatitis C

Hepatitis B

- BT Hepatitis

Hepatitis C

- BT Hepatitis

Herbs

- USE Medicinal plants

Herpes

- BT Sexually transmitted infections
Dermatological disorders
- NT Cytomegalovirus

Heterosexuals

- BT Populations

Highly active antiretroviral therapy

- USE HAART

Hispanics

- USE Latin Americans

History

- BT Social aspects
- NT Queer history

HIV antibody testing

- USE Testing

HIV disease progression

- SN Include here works on the way the body is affected by HIV as it progresses through the stages of HIV infection. Refer to CATIE's *HIV/AIDS Treatment Thesaurus* sections "HIV disease progression" and "HIV-related symptoms" for additional terms if needed.

- BT Science and medicine
- NT Cofactors in HIV progression
Seroconversion

HIV testing
USE Testing

HIV-discordant couples

- UF Serodiscordant couples
- BT Relationships

HIV-negative people

- BT Populations

HIV-positive people
USE People with HIV/AIDS

Holistic healing
USE Holistic treatments

Holistic treatments

- UF Holistic healing
Natural treatments
Treatments-Natural
- BT Complementary therapy
- NT Acupuncture
Aromatherapy
Art therapy
Healing
Homeopathy
Hypnotism
Massage
Meditation
Music therapy
Naturopathy
Oxygen therapy
Reflexology
Relaxation
Tai chi
Therapeutic touch
Visualization
Yoga

Home care

- SN Include here practical works on how to care for someone at home.
- BT Social services
- RT Caregiving
Palliative care

Homelessness

- BT Poverty
- RT Housing

Homeopathy

- UF Homeopathy
- BT Holistic treatments

Homoepathy
USE Homeopathy

Homophobia

- BT Discrimination

Homosexuality

- BT Sexual orientation
- RT Bisexuality
Bisexuals
Coming out
Gay men
Gay youth
Lesbian youth
Lesbians
Men who have sex with men
Queer culture
Queer history

Hospices

- BT Social services
- RT Residential group care

Hospitals

- BT Health care organizations

Host genetics
USE Genetics

Hotlines

- UF Telephone hotlines
- BT Social services

Housing

- BT Social services
- RT Homelessness

HPV

- USE Human papilloma virus

Human papilloma virus

- UF HPV
- BT Sexually transmitted infections
- Dermatological disorders

Human rights

- BT Legal aspects
- NT Discrimination
- Stigma
- Women's rights

Hyperlipidemia

- USE Metabolic disorders

Hypnotism

- BT Holistic treatments



Immigrants

- BT Populations
- NT Refugees
- RT Immigration
- Migrants

Immigration

- BT Legal aspects
- RT Immigrants

Immune reconstitution

- BT Treatments
- RT Immune stimulators

Immune stimulators

- SN Include here works on immune boosting therapies.
- BT Treatments
- NT Therapeutic vaccines
- RT Immune reconstitution

Immune system

- SN Refer to CATIE's *HIV/AIDS Treatment Thesaurus* section on "Immune system" for additional terms if needed.
- UF Immunology
- BT Science and medicine

Immunology

- USE Immune system

Infection control

- SN Include here works on infection control strategies to prevent transmission within specific occupations. For works on HIV/AIDS in the workplace see Workplace aspects.
- UF Occupational exposure
- BT Prevention
- RT Post-exposure prophylaxis
- Workplace aspects

Infectious diseases

- SN Some narrower terms for diseases that manifest themselves primarily in a particular part of the body may also have a second broader term relating to the location of the body affected by the disease.
- UF Bacterial infections
- Fungal infections
- Protozoan infections
- Viral infections

- BT Diseases and disorders
- NT Candidiasis
- Cryptosporidiosis
- Hepatitis
- Influenza
- Malaria
- Mycobacterium avium complex
- Opportunistic infections
- Pneumocystis carinii pneumonia
- Progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy
- Sexually transmitted infections
- Toxoplasmosis
- Tuberculosis
- RT Co-infection

Influenza

- UF Flu
- BT Infectious diseases

Information resources

- UF Research tools
- NT Atlases
- Best practices
- Bibliographies
- Children's resources
- Cookbooks
- Dictionaries
- Directories
- Electronic resources
- Employment guides
- Encyclopedias
- Libraries
- Video viewing guides
- Youth resources

Informed consent

- UF Consent to treatment
- BT Ethics
- RT Medical ethics
- Research ethics

Injection drug use

- SN Include here general works on injection drug use and the

prevention of HIV transmission through used needles. For works not on prevention see Contaminated needles.

- BT Drug use
- RT Contaminated needles
- Injection drug users
- Needle cleaning
- Needle exchanges
- Safer injection sites

Injection drug users

- BT Drug users
- RT Injection drug use

Inmates

- UF Prisoners
- BT Populations
- RT Prisons

Insomnia

- USE Sleep disturbances

Insulin resistance

- USE Metabolic disorders

Insurance

- BT Economic aspects
- NT Benefits
- Viatical benefits

International organizations

- SN Include here works on organizations that deal with issues at an international level.
- BT Organizations

Internet

- SN Include here works on the Internet as a social environment (e.g. for cruising, dating, delivering prevention education, conducting research). For resources that are available on the Internet see Online resources.
- BT Social aspects

Interruptions of drug therapy

- UF Drug holidays
Structured treatment interruptions
- BT Drug therapy

Islam

- BT Religious aspects

**Judaism**

- BT Religious aspects

Juvenile literature

- USE Children's resources

**Kaposi's sarcoma**

- UF KS
- BT Cancer
Dermatological disorders

Kidney disorders

- USE Urological disorders

Knowledge, attitudes, beliefs

- SN Include here studies on the knowledge, attitudes and beliefs of particular populations.
- BT Psychological aspects

KS

- USE Kaposi's sarcoma

**Lab tests**

- SN Include here works on tests that monitor the health of HIV-positive people (e.g. cholesterol tests, liver function tests, etc.). For diagnostic testing see Testing. Refer to CATIE's *HIV/AIDS Treatment Thesaurus* section "Tests" for additional terms if needed.
- BT Health and well-being
- NT CD4 counts
Viral load
- RT Testing

Lactic acidosis

- USE Metabolic disorders

Language and linguistics

- SN Include here general works about the use of language.
- UF Slang
- BT Social aspects
- NT American sign language
Braille
- RT Dictionaries
Literacy

Latin Americans

- UF Hispanics
Latinas
Latinos
- BT Populations
- RT Cultural aspects

Latinas

- USE Latin Americans

Latinos

- USE Latin Americans

Legal aspects

- NT Court cases
- Criminal law
- Drug legalization
- Estate planning
- Human rights
- Immigration
- Legislation
- Travel restrictions

Legislation

- SN Include here proposed legislation, text of a document that has been signed into law, and any commentaries on these laws.
- BT Legal aspects
- RT Court cases

Lesbian youth

- BT Youth
- RT Homosexuality
- Lesbians
- LGBT

Lesbians

- BT Women
- RT Homosexuality
- Lesbian youth
- LGBT

Lexicons

- USE Dictionaries

LGBT

- SN Include here general works on lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, transsexual, 2-spirited, queer and questioning, and intersex communities.
- BT Populations
- RT Bisexuals
- Gay men
- Gay youth
- Lesbian youth
- Lesbians
- Trans people

Libraries

- UF Resource centres
- BT Information resources
- NT Library tools

Library catalogues

- USE Library tools

Library tools

- UF Bibliographic tools
- Classification
- Library catalogues
- Thesauri
- BT Libraries

Lipodystrophy

- BT Metabolic disorders

Literacy

- BT Social aspects
- NT Health literacy
- RT Language and linguistics

Literary collections

- USE Essays

Literature

- NT Biographies
- Comics
- Creative writing
- Essays
- Fiction
- Plays
- Poetry
- RT Authors

Liver disorders

- BT Diseases and disorders
- NT Hepatitis

Living wills

- UF Advance directives
- Health care directives
- BT Estate planning
- RT Wills

Living with HIV/AIDS

- SN Include here personal profiles and materials that discuss what it is like to live with HIV/AIDS. For studies of persons with HIV/AIDS use People with HIV/AIDS.
- BT Psychological aspects
- RT People with HIV/AIDS

Long-term care

- SN Include here works on caregiving services for the long-term. For works on palliative care see Palliative care.
- UF Nursing homes
- BT Social services
- RT Palliative care
Residential group care

Long-term nonprogression

- USE Long-term survival

Long-term survival

- UF Long-term nonprogression
Long-term survivors
Survival
- BT Health and well-being

Long-term survivors

- USE Long-term survival

Loss

- USE Bereavement

Lube

- USE Safer sex products

Lubricants

- USE Safer sex products

Lymphatic system

- USE Endocrinological disorders

Lymphoma

- UF Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma
- BT Cancer

**MAC**

- USE Mycobacterium avium complex

Macrobiotic diet

- BT Diet

MAI

- USE Mycobacterium avium complex

Malaria

- BT Infectious diseases

Mandatory testing

- BT Testing

Marijuana

- UF Cannabis
- BT Medicinal plants
- RT Drug legalization
Drug use

Masculinity

- BT Gender issues
- RT Men

Massage

- BT Holistic treatments

Masturbation

- BT Sexual behaviour

Media

- SN Include here works on journalism and reporting HIV/AIDS in the media.
- BT Popular culture
- NT Advertising
Television

Medical care system

USE Health care system

Medical dictionaries

BT Dictionaries

Medical encyclopedias

BT Encyclopedias

Medical ethics

SN Include here works on ethical questions in medicine and medical research, including clinical trials. See Research ethics for non-medical research.

UF Ethics, Medical

BT Ethics

RT Informed consent

Medical personnel

USE Health care workers

Medicinal plants

UF Herbs

BT Complementary therapy

NT Marijuana

Medicine

SN Include here general works on the medicine of HIV/AIDS and works describing the place of the medical specialties in HIV disease and the spectrum of care.

BT Science and medicine

NT Nursing

Obstetrics

Pediatrics

Meditation

BT Holistic treatments

RT Visualization

Memorials

SN Include here works on projects created in memory of those who have died. For works on services in memory of those who have died see Funerals.

BT Fine arts

NT Quilt, The

RT Funerals

Men

BT Populations

NT Gay men

Men who have sex with men

RT Masculinity

Men who have sex with men

SN Include here works on men who have sex with men including gay, bisexual, and heterosexual men. For works specifically on gay men or bisexual men use Gay men or Bisexuals.

UF MSM

BT Men

RT Bisexuality

Bisexuals

Homosexuality

Mental health

SN Include here works on the role of psychological and emotional well-being in the functioning of an individual.

BT Psychological aspects

NT Addiction

Bereavement

Burn-out

Coping

Depression

Stress

RT Health and well-being

Psychiatric disorders

Mental illness

USE Psychiatric disorders

Mentally disabled

USE People with intellectual disabilities

Metabolic disorders

UF Dyslipidemia

Hyperlipidemia

Insulin resistance

Lactic acidosis

BT Diseases and disorders

NT Lipodystrophy

RT Cardiovascular disorders

Endocrinological disorders

Meth

USE Crystal meth

Methadone programs

BT Harm reduction

Microbicides

BT Safer sex products

Microbiology

USE Science and medicine

Migrants

BT Populations

RT Immigrants

Mind-body connection

BT Health and well-being

NT Psychoneuroimmunology

Mitochondrial toxicity

BT Diseases and disorders

Molluscum contagiosum

USE Dermatological disorders

Mortality

BT Epidemiology

Mother-to-child transmission

UF Perinatal transmission

Vertical transmission

BT Transmission

NT Breastfeeding

RT Children

Pregnancy

Motion pictures

USE Movies

Movies

SN Include here works on the representation of HIV/AIDS in movies. DO NOT use to describe the format of particular items.

UF Film

Motion pictures

BT Popular culture

RT Actors

Videos

MSM

USE Men who have sex with men

MTF

USE Trans people

Multiculturalism

USE Cultural aspects

Music

BT Popular culture

RT Musicians

Music therapy

BT Holistic treatments

Musicians

BT Artists

RT Music

Mycobacterium avium complex

UF MAC

MAI

BT Infectious diseases



Names Project, The
USE Quilt, The

Native people
USE Aboriginals

Natural treatments
USE Holistic treatments

Naturopathy

SN An approach to health that uses a wide variety of natural healing therapies. Use only for works identified explicitly with the naturopathic approach. For works on other natural therapies see Holistic treatments.
BT Holistic treatments

Needle cleaning

BT Harm reduction
RT Contaminated needles
Injection drug use

Needle exchanges

BT Harm reduction
RT Contaminated needles
Injection drug use

Needs assessments

BT Research

Neoplasms

USE Cancer

Networks

USE Organizations

Neurological disorders

UF Neurology
BT Diseases and disorders
NT Dementia
Neuropathy
Progressive multifocal
leukoencephalopathy
Sleep disturbances

Neurology

USE Neurological disorders

Neuropathy

UF Peripheral neuropathy
BT Neurological disorders

Newly diagnosed

BT Health and well-being

NNRTI

UF Non-nucleoside reverse
transcriptase inhibitors
BT Drug therapy
RT HAART

Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma

USE Lymphoma

Non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors

USE NNRTI

Nucleoside analogues

UF Nucleoside reverse transcriptase
inhibitors
Nucleotide analogues
BT Drug therapy
NT AZT
RT HAART

Nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors

USE Nucleoside analogues

Nucleotide analogues
 USE Nucleoside analogues

Nurses

BT Health care workers
 RT Nursing

Nursing

BT Medicine
 RT Nurses

Nursing homes

USE Long-term care

Nutrition

SN Include here works on the nutritional values and benefits of foods or food groups.
 BT Health and well-being
 NT Nutritional supplements
 Vitamins
 RT Cookbooks
 Diet

Nutritional supplements

UF Supplements
 BT Nutrition



Obstetrics

BT Medicine
 NT Pregnancy

Occupational exposure

USE Infection control

OIs

USE Opportunistic infections

Older adults

UF Aged
 Elderly
 Seniors
 BT Populations
 RT Aging

Once daily drugs

USE Treatment simplification

Oncology

USE Cancer

Online resources

SN Include here works on resources that are available online (e.g. websites, databases, search engines, e-mail, etc.). For works on the Internet as a social environment see Internet.
 UF World Wide Web
 BT Electronic resources

Ophthalmological disorders

UF Eye disease
 Ophthalmology
 BT Diseases and disorders
 NT Blindness
 RT Cytomegalovirus

Ophthalmology

USE Ophthalmological disorders

Opportunistic infections

SN Include here general works on the spectrum of secondary infections typical of HIV infection. Refer to CATIE's *HIV/AIDS Treatment Thesaurus* section "Opportunistic Infections" for additional terms if needed.
 UF OIs
 BT Infectious diseases

Oral disorders

- UF Hairy leukoplakia
- BT Diseases and disorders
- RT Candidiasis
- Dental hygiene

Oral sex

- BT Sexual behaviour

Oral tests

- BT Testing

Organ transplants

- USE Transplantation

Organizations

- SN Include here works about organizations only. DO NOT use for work because it is by an organization.
- UF Networks
- NT Capacity building
- Community-based organizations
- Funding
- Government organizations
- Health care organizations
- International organizations
- Partnerships
- Pharmaceutical industry
- Policies and procedures

Oriental medicine

- USE Chinese medicine

Osteopenia

- USE Osteoporosis

Osteoporosis

- UF Osteopenia
- BT Bone and muscle disorders

Outreach

- SN Include here works on any effort to provide services to individuals and communities in their own environments.
- BT Education

Oxygen therapy

- UF Ozone therapy
- BT Holistic treatments

Ozone therapy

- USE Oxygen therapy

**Pain**

- USE Pain management

Pain management

- UF Pain
- BT Health and well-being

Palliative care

- BT Social services
- RT Home care
- Long-term care

Parenting

- USE Parents

Parents

- UF Parenting
- BT Populations
- RT Families

Partner notification

- SN Include here works on the notification of past and current partners after a person has been diagnosed with HIV or another sexually transmitted infection.
- BT Public health

Partners

- USE Relationships

Partnerships

- SN Include here works on partnerships among different organizations.
- UF Collaborations
- BT Organizations

Party drugs

- SN Include here works on drug use associated with the party/club scene.
- UF Club drugs
- BT Drug use
- RT Crystal meth

Pathogenesis

- SN Include here works on the actions of HIV and other viruses that develop disease within the body.
- BT Viruses
- RT Etiology
Transmission

Patient-care provider relationship

- USE Relationship with care providers

PCP

- USE Pneumocystis carinii pneumonia

Pediatric AIDS

- USE Children

Pediatrics

- BT Medicine
- RT Children

Peer education

- BT Education
- RT Peer support

Peer support

- BT Counselling
- RT Peer education
Support groups

People living with HIV/AIDS

- USE People with HIV/AIDS

People with AIDS

- USE People with HIV/AIDS

People with disabilities

- SN Include here general works on individuals with a disability or the social aspects of disability. For works on the legal and economic aspects of the status of disability see Disability.
- UF Disabled
Handicapped
- BT Populations
- NT Deaf
People with intellectual disabilities
- RT Disability

People with HIV/AIDS

- UF HIV-positive people
People living with HIV/AIDS
People with AIDS
PHAs
PWAs
- BT Populations
- RT Living with HIV/AIDS

People with intellectual disabilities

- UF Developmentally delayed
Mentally disabled
- BT People with disabilities

PEP

- USE Post-exposure prophylaxis

Perinatal transmission

- USE Mother-to-child transmission

Peripheral neuropathy

- USE Neuropathy

Pets

- BT Health and well-being

Pharmaceutical industry

- SN Include here works on pharmaceutical companies. For works on the development of pharmaceutical treatments see Drug development.
- BT Organizations
- RT Drug development

Pharmaceutical policy

- USE Drug development

Pharmacokinetics

- SN Include here works on how the body absorbs, distributes, breaks down, and eliminates drugs.
- BT Drug therapy

PHAs

- USE People with HIV/AIDS

Phenotypic testing

- USE Resistance testing

Philosophical aspects

- NT Ethics

Photography

- BT Visual art

Physical exercise

- USE Exercise

Physician-patient relationship

- USE Doctor-patient relationship

Physicians

- UF Doctors
- BT Health care workers
- RT Doctor-patient relationship

Physiology

- USE Anatomy

Plays

- UF Drama
- BT Literature
- RT Theatre

PML

- USE Progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy

Pneumocystis carinii pneumonia

- UF PCP
- BT Infectious diseases
- Respiratory disorders

Poetry

- BT Literature

Police

- USE Emergency workers

Policies and procedures

- SN Include here works on organizations' policies. For works on policies attributed to government see Government policies.
- BT Organizations

Political aspects

- NT Activism
- Advocacy
- Government funding
- Public policy

Poppers

- BT Drug use

Popular culture

- BT Fine arts
- NT Media
- Movies
- Music
- Videos

Popular works

- USE General works

Population health

- SN Include here works on the population health approach.
- BT Public policy
- RT Determinants of health
Public health

Populations

- NT Aboriginals
- Artists
- Asians
- Bisexuals
- Blacks
- Children
- Counsellors
- Drug users
- Emergency workers
- Health care workers
- Heterosexuals
- HIV-negative people
- Immigrants
- Inmates
- Latin Americans
- LGBT
- Men
- Migrants
- Older adults
- Parents
- People with disabilities
- People with HIV/AIDS
- Sex workers
- Social workers
- Trans people
- Travellers
- Women
- Youth

Pornography

- BT Social aspects

Post-exposure prophylaxis

- UF PEP
- BT Prevention
- RT Infection control

Posters

- BT Visual art

Poverty

- BT Economic aspects
- NT Homelessness

Power of attorney

- BT Estate planning

Pre-exposure prophylaxis

- UF PrEP
- BT Prevention

Pregnancy

- BT Obstetrics
- RT Mother-to-child transmission
Reproductive issues

PrEP

- USE Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Prevention

- SN Include here general works on prevention strategies or related topics.
- NT Campaigns
- Communication
- Drug use
- Harm reduction
- Infection control
- Post-exposure prophylaxis
- Pre-exposure prophylaxis
- Prevention education
- Risk reduction
- Safer sex
- Social marketing
- Vaccines

Prevention campaigns

- USE Campaigns

Prevention education

- SN Include here works on the role of education in preventing HIV

transmission and related health concerns. For additional terms relating to education see Education.

- BT Prevention
- NT Prevention programs
- RT Campaigns
Education

Prevention programs

- SN Include here works on programs delivered by HIV/AIDS-related organizations to promote prevention through changes in behaviour and knowledge, attitudes and beliefs (e.g. workshops, presentations, groups, specific interventions).
- BT Prevention education
- RT AIDS service organizations

Prisoners

- USE Inmates

Prisons

- BT Social aspects
- RT Inmates

Privacy

- UF Confidentiality
- BT Ethics
- RT Disclosure

Program evaluation

- BT Research
- RT Social services

Programs and services

- USE Social services

Progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy

- UF PML
- BT Infectious diseases
Neurological disorders

Prophylaxis

- SN Include here works on the prevention of opportunistic infections using such methods as drug therapies.
- BT Drug therapy
- RT Vaccines

Prostitutes

- USE Sex workers

Prostitution

- USE Sex trade

Protease inhibitors

- BT Drug therapy
- RT HAART

Protozoan infections

- USE Infectious diseases

PSAs

- USE Campaigns

Psychiatric disorders

- SN Include here works on mental conditions that impair the functioning of an individual and require clinical treatment.
- UF Mental illness
Psychiatry
- BT Diseases and disorders
- RT Mental health

Psychiatry

- USE Psychiatric disorders

Psychological aspects

- SN Include here general works on psychological states and counselling concerns. For clinical treatment of specific psychological disorders see Health care

- management.
- NT Counselling
- Death
- Knowledge, attitudes, beliefs
- Living with HIV/AIDS
- Mental health
- Spiritual aspects
- Substance use

Psychoneuroimmunology

- SN Include here works on connections between psychological states (i.e. stress, depression) and the immune system.
- BT Mind-body connection

Psychopharmacology

- USE Drug therapy

Psychotherapy

- BT Counselling

Psychotropic drugs

- USE Drug therapy

Public health

- SN Include here works on public health policy and the state of public health.
- BT Public policy
- NT Partner notification
- RT Population health

Public policy

- SN Include here works on the policy of public institutions.
- BT Political aspects
- NT Government policy
- Health care system
- Population health
- Public health
- RT Advocacy

Public service announcements

- USE Campaigns

PWAs

- USE People with HIV/AIDS



Quality of life

- SN Include here works on holistic assessments of an individual's ability to lead a fulfilling life including physical, psychological and social factors.
- BT Health care management

Queer culture

- UF Gay culture
- BT Social aspects
- NT Bathhouses
- RT Homosexuality
- Queer history

Queer history

- UF Gay history
- BT History
- RT Homosexuality
- Queer culture

Questionnaires

- USE Surveys

Quilt, The

- UF Names Project, The
- BT Memorials



Race relations

USE Cultural aspects

Racism

BT Discrimination

Rape

USE Sexual violence

Rapid testing

BT Testing

Re-infection with HIV

UF Superinfection

BT Transmission

Recreational drugs

USE Drug use

Reflexology

BT Holistic treatments

Refugees

BT Immigrants

Rehabilitation

BT Health and well-being

Relationship with care providers

SN Include here works on the relationship between patients and their care providers.

UF Care provider-patient relationship
Patient-care provider relationship

BT Health care management

NT Doctor-patient relationship

RT Caregiving

Health care workers

Relationships

SN Include here works on the emotional and sexual maintenance of relationships between partners.

UF Couples

Partners

Spouses

BT Social interactions

NT HIV-discordant couples

RT Dating

Safer sex negotiation

Relaxation

BT Holistic treatments

Religious aspects

SN Include here general works on established and organized religions. For works on personal spiritual issues see Spiritual aspects.

UF Church policies

BT Social aspects

NT Christianity

Islam

Judaism

RT Spiritual aspects

Reproductive issues

SN Include here works on issues related to conceiving a child.

BT Health and well-being

NT Contraception

RT Pregnancy

Research

SN Include here works applied to general research only. For research on specific aspects of HIV/AIDS see specific aspect.

NT Clinical trials

Community-based research

Conferences

Needs assessments

Program evaluation

Research methodology

Surveys
RT Research ethics

Research ethics

SN Include here works on ethical questions in research studies. See Medical ethics for medical research.
BT Ethics
RT Informed consent
Research

Research methodology

SN Include here works on the design and execution of research studies.
BT Research

Research tools

USE Information resources

Residential group care

BT Social services
RT Hospices
Long-term care

Resistance testing

UF Genotypic testing
Phenotypic testing
BT Drug resistance

Resource centres

USE Libraries

Respiratory disorders

UF Bronchitis
Respiratory system
BT Diseases and disorders
NT Pneumocystis carinii pneumonia

Respiratory system

USE Respiratory disorders

Retrovir

USE AZT

Retroviruses

USE Viruses

Returning to work

USE Employment issues

Rheumatic disorders

USE Bone and muscle disorders

Risk behaviour

USE Risk factors

Risk factors

SN Include here general works on behaviours and other variables which enhance the risk of transmission.
UF Risk behaviour
BT Transmission
RT Risk reduction

Risk reduction

SN Include here works on the risk reduction model, i.e.: the process by which an individual's behaviour change decreases the risk of HIV infection.
BT Prevention
RT Harm reduction
Health promotion
Risk factors
Safer sex

Roman Catholic Church

BT Christianity

Rural issues

BT Social aspects



Sado-masochism

USE SM

Safe injection sites

USE Safer injection sites

Safer injection sites

UF Safe injection sites
Supervised injection sites

BT Harm reduction

RT Injection drug use

Safer sex

BT Prevention

NT Safer sex negotiation
Safer sex products

RT Risk reduction

Safer sex negotiation

SN Include here works on the dynamics
between individuals when
negotiating safer sex.

BT Safer sex

RT Relationships

Safer sex products

UF Dental dams
Lube
Lubricants
Spermicides

BT Safer sex

NT Condoms
Microbicides

Salvage therapy

BT Drug therapy

RT Treatment failure

Schools

BT Education

Science and medicine

SN Include here works on clinical
science and clinical medicine.

UF Biology
Microbiology

NT Anatomy
Etiology
HIV disease progression
Immune system
Medicine
Viruses

Self-help techniques

BT Counselling

Seniors

USE Older adults

Seroconversion

BT HIV disease progression

Serodiscordant couples

USE HIV-discordant couples

Sex manuals

BT Sexual education

Sex trade

UF Prostitution

BT Social aspects

RT Sex workers

Sex workers

UF Prostitutes

BT Populations

RT Sex trade

Sexual addiction

USE Addiction

Sexual behaviour

BT Social interactions

NT Abstinence

Anal sex

Masturbation

Oral sex

SM

RT Sexuality

Sexual dysfunction

BT Diseases and disorders

Sexual education

UF Sexual health education

BT Education

NT Sex manuals

Sexual health education

USE Sexual education

Sexual orientation

BT Sexuality

NT Bisexuality

Coming out

Homosexuality

Sexual transmission

BT Transmission

Sexual violence

UF Rape

BT Violence

Sexuality

BT Social aspects

NT Sexual orientation

RT Sexual behaviour

Sexually transmitted infections

UF Gonorrhea

STIs

Venereal diseases

BT Infectious diseases

NT Chlamydia

Herpes

Human papilloma virus

Syphilis

Side effects

SN For works on a specific side effect use Side effects and the name of the side effect from the Diseases and disorders section.

BT Treatments

Sign language

USE American sign language

Skin disease

USE Dermatological disorders

Slang

USE Language and linguistics

Sleep disturbances

UF Insomnia

BT Neurological disorders

SM

UF Sado-masochism

BT Sexual behaviour

Smoking

BT Addiction

Social aspects

NT Cultural aspects

Funerals

Gender issues

History

Internet

Language and linguistics

Literacy

Pornography

Prisons

Queer culture

Religious aspects

Rural issues

Sex trade

Sexuality

Social interactions

Social services

Volunteerism

Social interactions

- SN Include here works on social behaviour and relations between individuals.
- BT Social aspects
- NT Dating
 - Families
 - Relationships
 - Sexual behaviour
 - Social support
 - Violence
- RT Disclosure

Social marketing

- SN Include here works on the use of social marketing techniques.
- BT Prevention
- RT Campaigns

Social service delivery

- SN Include here works on factors affecting an organization's or professional's ability to deliver social services.
- BT Social services
- RT Health care delivery

Social services

- SN Include here works on services that address social concerns and issues, including services provided by community-based organizations.
- UF Community health services
 - Community-based services
 - Programs and services
- BT Social aspects
- NT Access to social services
 - Caregiving
 - Home care
 - Hospices
 - Hotlines
 - Housing
 - Long-term care
 - Palliative care
 - Residential group care

Social service delivery

- RT AIDS service organizations
 - Case management
 - Program evaluation

Social support

- SN Include here works on the role of support from individuals and groups in a person's social environment (e.g. family, friends, community members, etc.)
- BT Social interactions

Social workers

- BT Populations

Spermicides

- USE Safer sex products

Spiritual aspects

- SN Include here general works on personal spiritual issues. For works on organized religions see Religious aspects.
- BT Psychological aspects
- RT Religious aspects

Spouses

- USE Relationships

Standards of care

- USE Treatment guidelines

Starting drug therapy

- BT Drug therapy

Statistics

- USE Epidemiology

Stigma

- SN Include here works on the devaluation of a person or group because of a characteristic that is seen as disgraceful or shameful.
- BT Human rights

STIs

USE Sexually transmitted infections

Street-involved youth

BT Youth

Stress

BT Mental health

Structured treatment interruptions

USE Interruptions of drug therapy

Substance use

SN Include here works on the impact of substance use on the behaviour and psychology of individuals. For works on addiction to substances see Addiction.

BT Psychological aspects

RT Addiction

Drug use

Suicide

BT Ethics

RT Euthanasia

Superinfection

USE Re-infection with HIV

Supervised injection sites

USE Safer injection sites

Supplements

USE Nutritional supplements

Support groups

BT Counselling

RT Peer support

Surveys

UF Questionnaires

BT Research

Survival

USE Long-term survival

Syphilis

BT Sexually transmitted infections

**Tai chi**

BT Holistic treatments

RT Exercise

Tattooing

BT Transmission

TB

USE Tuberculosis

Teaching guides

SN Include here works that provide guidance for teachers in giving instruction.

BT Education

Telephone hotlines

USE Hotlines

Television

BT Media

Testing

SN Include here works on tests to diagnose diseases and disorders, including HIV. For tests used to monitor a person's health see Lab tests. Refer to CATIE's *HIV/AIDS Treatment Thesaurus* section on "Tests" for additional terms if needed.

UF AIDS testing

Antibody testing

HIV antibody testing

HIV testing

NT Mandatory testing

Oral tests
Rapid testing
Voluntary testing

RT Ethics of testing
Lab tests

Theatre

BT Fine arts
RT Actors
Plays

Therapeutic touch

UF Healing touch
Touch therapy
BT Holistic treatments

Therapeutic vaccines

SN Include here works on therapeutic vaccines for HIV.
BT Immune stimulators
RT Vaccines

Thesauri

USE Library tools

Thrush

USE Candidiasis

Tina

USE Crystal meth

Touch therapy

USE Therapeutic touch

Toxoplasmosis

BT Infectious diseases

Traditional Chinese medicine

USE Chinese medicine

Traditional medicine

SN Include here general works on alternative non-Western medical traditions.
BT Complementary therapy

NT Ayurvedic medicine
Chinese medicine

Training

SN Include here training manuals.
BT Education

Trans people

UF FTM
MTF
Transgendered people
Transsexuals
BT Populations
RT Gender issues
LGBT

Transgendered people

USE Trans people

Transmission

BT Epidemiology
NT Blood products
Circumcision
Contaminated needles
Mother-to-child transmission
Re-infection with HIV
Risk factors
Sexual transmission
Tattooing
Transplantation
RT Pathogenesis

Transplantation

SN Include here works on the transplantation of organs, tissues, etc.
UF Organ transplants
BT Transmission

Transsexuals

USE Trans people

Travel restrictions

BT Legal aspects
RT Travellers

Travellers

- BT Populations
- RT Travel restrictions

Treatment compliance

- UF Adherence
- Compliance
- BT Treatments

Treatment costs

- UF Drug costs
- BT Health care costs
- RT Access to treatments

Treatment education

- SN Include here works on the role of education in a patient's selection, administration, and maintenance of treatment regimens. For additional terms related to education, see Education.
- BT Treatments
- RT Education

Treatment failure

- BT Drug resistance
- RT Salvage therapy

Treatment guidelines

- SN Include here works on treatment guidelines and standards of care.
- UF Standards of care
- Treatment protocols
- Treatment standards
- BT Treatments

Treatment protocols

- USE Treatment guidelines

Treatment simplification

- UF Once daily drugs
- BT Drug therapy

Treatment standards

- USE Treatment guidelines

Treatments

- SN Include here works on strategies to prevent the deterioration to diseases, disorders and other adverse conditions, or to improve them.
- BT Health care management
- NT Complementary therapy
- Drug therapy
- Immune reconstitution
- Immune stimulators
- Side effects
- Treatment compliance
- Treatment education
- Treatment guidelines
- RT Access to treatments
- Counselling

Treatments-Alternative

- USE Complementary therapy

Treatments-Natural

- USE Holistic treatments

Tuberculosis

- UF TB
- BT Infectious diseases

**Urological disorders**

- UF Kidney disorders
- Urology
- BT Diseases and disorders

Urology

- USE Urological disorders



Vaccines

SN Include here works on preventative vaccines. For non-HIV-related vaccines use Vaccines and term for infection type from Diseases and disorders section.

BT Prevention

RT Prophylaxis
Therapeutic vaccines

Venereal diseases

USE Sexually transmitted infections

Vertical transmission

USE Mother-to-child transmission

Viagra

BT Drug therapy

Viatical benefits

BT Insurance

Video viewing guides

BT Information resources

Videos

SN Include here works on the representation of HIV/AIDS in videos. DO NOT use term to describe the format of particular items.

BT Popular culture

RT Movies

Violence

SN Include here works on manifestations of violence between individuals.

UF Abuse

BT Social interactions

NT Domestic violence

Sexual violence

Viral eradication

BT Viruses

Viral infections

USE Infectious diseases

Viral load

BT Lab tests

Viral reservoirs

BT Viruses

Virology

USE Viruses

Viruses

SN Include here works on viruses and their characteristics (e.g. viral types and diversity, life cycle, mutation, replication, etc.). Refer to CATIE's *HIV/AIDS Treatment Thesaurus* section on "RNA Viruses" for additional terms if needed.

UF Retroviruses

Virology

BT Science and medicine

NT Pathogenesis

Viral eradication

Viral reservoirs

RT Case definition

Visual art

SN Include drawing, painting, printmaking, sculpture.

UF Art

BT Fine arts

NT Photography

Posters

RT Visual artists

Visual artists

- BT Artists
- RT Visual art

Visualization

- BT Holistic treatments
- RT Meditation

Vitamins

- BT Nutrition

Voluntary testing

- BT Testing
- NT Anonymous testing

Volunteerism

- BT Social aspects



Wasting syndrome

- BT Diseases and disorders
- RT Diarrhea

Wills

- BT Estate planning
- RT Living wills

Women

- BT Populations
- NT Lesbians
- RT Feminism
- Women's rights

Women's rights

- BT Human rights
- RT Feminism
- Women

Workplace aspects

- SN Include here information on HIV/AIDS and the workplace other than infection control. For works on infection control in the workplace see Infection control.
- BT Economic aspects
- RT Employment issues
- Infection control

World Wide Web

- USE Online resources



Yeast infections

- USE Candidiasis

Yoga

- BT Holistic treatments
- RT Exercise

Youth

- BT Populations
- NT Gay youth
- Lesbian youth
- Street-involved youth
- RT Youth resources

Youth resources

- SN Include here works for an audience from 13 to 29 years of age.
- BT Information resources
- RT Children's resources
- Youth



Zidovudine
USE AZT

Non-nucleoside reverse trans

Hierarchical Display

Types of diseases and disorders

Diseases and disorders
 Blood disorders
 Hemophilia
 Bone and muscle disorders
 Arthritis
 Osteoporosis
 Cancer
 Anal cancer
 Cervical cancer
 Kaposi's sarcoma
 Lymphoma
 Cardiovascular disorders
 Dermatological disorders
 Herpes
 Human papilloma virus
 Kaposi's sarcoma
 Endocrinological disorders
 Diabetes
 Fatigue
 Chronic Fatigue Syndrome
 Gastrointestinal disorders
 Diarrhea
 Gynecological disorders
 Infectious diseases
 Candidiasis
 Cryptosporidiosis
 Hepatitis
 Hepatitis B
 Hepatitis C
 Influenza
 Malaria
 Mycobacterium avium complex
 Opportunistic infections
 Pneumocystis carinii pneumonia
 Progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy
 Sexually transmitted infections
 Chlamydia
 Herpes
 Cytomegalovirus
 Human papilloma virus
 Syphilis
 Toxoplasmosis
 Tuberculosis
 Liver disorders
 Hepatitis
 Metabolic disorders
 Lipodystrophy
 Mitochondrial toxicity
 Neurological disorders
 Dementia
 Neuropathy

Progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy
 Sleep disturbances
 Ophthalmological disorders
 Blindness
 Oral disorders
 Psychiatric disorders
 Respiratory disorders
 Pneumocystis carinii pneumonia
 Sexual dysfunction
 Urological disorders
 Wasting syndrome

Economic issues

Economic aspects
 Disability
 Employment issues
 Financial aspects
 Health care costs
 Treatment costs
 Insurance
 Benefits
 Viatical benefits
 Poverty
 Homelessness
 Workplace aspects

Educational information

Education
 Curricula
 Health promotion
 Outreach
 Peer education
 Schools
 Sexual education
 Sex manuals
 Teaching guides
 Training

Epidemiological information

Epidemiology
 Case definition
 Epidemiological forecasting
 Epidemiological maps
 Mortality
 Transmission
 Blood products

- Circumcision
- Contaminated needles
- Mother-to-child transmission
 - Breastfeeding
- Re-infection with HIV
- Risk factors
- Sexual transmission
- Tattooing
- Transplantation

Types of fine arts

- Fine arts
 - Dance
 - Fashion
 - Memorials
 - Quilt, The
 - Popular culture
 - Media
 - Advertising
 - Television
 - Movies
 - Music
 - Videos
 - Theatre
 - Visual art
 - Photography
 - Posters

General information

- General works

Health information

- Health care management
 - Access to care
 - Access to treatments
 - Case management
 - Determinants of health
 - Drug approval
 - Drug development
 - Health and well-being
 - Aging
 - Dental hygiene
 - Diet
 - Macrobiotic diet
 - Exercise
 - Lab tests
 - CD4 counts

- Viral load
- Long-term survival
- Mind-body connection
 - Psychoneuroimmunology
- Newly diagnosed
- Nutrition
 - Nutritional supplements
 - Vitamins
- Pain management
- Pets
- Rehabilitation
- Reproductive issues
 - Contraception
- Health care delivery
- Quality of life
- Relationship with care providers
 - Doctor-patient relationship
- Treatments
 - Complementary therapy
 - Holistic treatments
 - Acupuncture
 - Aromatherapy
 - Art therapy
 - Healing
 - Homeopathy
 - Hypnotism
 - Massage
 - Meditation
 - Music therapy
 - Naturopathy
 - Oxygen therapy
 - Reflexology
 - Relaxation
 - Tai chi
 - Therapeutic touch
 - Visualization
 - Yoga
 - Medicinal plants
 - Marijuana
 - Traditional medicine
 - Ayurvedic medicine
 - Chinese medicine
 - Drug therapy
 - Chemotherapy
 - Combination therapy
 - HAART
 - Drug interactions
 - Drug resistance
 - Resistance testing
 - Treatment failure
 - Entry inhibitors
 - Fusion inhibitors
 - Interruptions of drug therapy

- NNRTI
- Nucleoside analogues
 - AZT
- Pharmacokinetics
- Prophylaxis
- Protease inhibitors
- Salvage therapy
- Starting drug therapy
- Treatment simplification
- Viagra
- Immune reconstitution
- Immune stimulators
 - Therapeutic vaccines
- Side effects
- Treatment compliance
- Treatment education
- Treatment guidelines

Types of information resources

- Information resources
 - Atlases
 - Best practices
 - Bibliographies
 - Children's resources
 - Cookbooks
 - Dictionaries
 - Medical dictionaries
 - Directories
 - Electronic resources
 - Online resources
 - Employment guides
 - Encyclopedias
 - Medical encyclopedias
 - Libraries
 - Library tools
 - Video viewing guides
 - Youth resources

Legal issues

- Legal aspects
 - Court cases
 - Criminal law
 - Drug legalization
 - Estate planning
 - Living wills
 - Power of attorney
 - Wills
- Human rights
 - Discrimination
 - AIDSphobia
 - Homophobia
 - Racism
 - Stigma
 - Women's rights
- Immigration
- Legislation
- Travel restrictions

Types of literature

- Literature
 - Biographies
 - Comics
 - Creative writing
 - Essays
 - Fiction
 - Plays
 - Poetry

Organizational information

- Organizations
 - Capacity building
 - Community-based organizations
 - AIDS service organizations
 - AIDS Committee of Toronto (ACT)
 - Funding
 - Fundraising
 - Fundraising events
 - Grants
 - Government organizations
 - Health care organizations
 - Hospitals
 - International organizations
 - Partnerships
 - Pharmaceutical industry
 - Policies and procedures

Philosophical issues

- Philosophical aspects
 - Ethics
 - Disclosure
 - Ethics of testing
 - Euthanasia
 - Informed consent
 - Medical ethics
 - Privacy
 - Research ethics
 - Suicide

Political issues

- Political aspects
 - Activism
 - Advocacy
 - Government funding
 - Public policy
 - Government policy
 - Health care system
 - Blood supply
 - Population health
 - Public health
 - Partner notification

Types of populations

- Populations
 - Aboriginals
 - Artists
 - Actors
 - Authors
 - Musicians
 - Visual artists
 - Asians
 - Bisexuals
 - Blacks
 - Children
 - Children of HIV-infected parents
 - Counsellors
 - Drug users
 - Injection drug users
 - Emergency workers
 - Health care workers
 - Nurses
 - Physicians
 - Heterosexuals
 - HIV-negative people
 - Immigrants
 - Refugees

- Inmates
- Latin Americans
- LGBT
- Men
 - Gay men
 - Men who have sex with men
- Migrants
- Older adults
- Parents
- People with disabilities
 - Deaf
 - People with intellectual disabilities
- People with HIV/AIDS
- Sex workers
- Social workers
- Trans people
- Travellers
- Women
 - Lesbians
- Youth
 - Gay youth
 - Lesbian youth
 - Street-involved youth

Prevention issues

- Prevention
 - Campaigns
 - Communication
 - Drug use
 - Crystal meth
 - Injection drug use
 - Party drugs
 - Poppers
 - Harm reduction
 - Methadone programs
 - Needle cleaning
 - Needle exchanges
 - Safer injection sites
 - Infection control
 - Post-exposure prophylaxis
 - Pre-exposure prophylaxis
 - Prevention education
 - Prevention programs
 - Risk reduction
 - Safer sex
 - Safer sex negotiation
 - Safer sex products
 - Condoms
 - Microbicides
 - Social marketing
 - Vaccines

Psychological issues

- Psychological aspects
 - Counselling
 - Cross-cultural counselling
 - Peer support
 - Psychotherapy
 - Self-help techniques
 - Support groups
 - Death
 - Knowledge, attitudes, beliefs
 - Living with HIV/AIDS
 - Mental health
 - Addiction
 - Alcoholism
 - Smoking
 - Bereavement
 - Burn-out
 - Coping
 - Depression
 - Stress
 - Spiritual aspects
 - Substance use

Types of research

- Research
 - Clinical trials
 - Community-based research
 - Conferences
 - Needs assessments
 - Program evaluation
 - Research methodology
 - Surveys

Scientific and medical information

- Science and medicine
 - Anatomy
 - Etiology
 - Etiology - Alternative theories
 - HIV disease progression
 - Cofactors in HIV progression
 - Co-infection
 - Genetics
 - Seroconversion
 - Immune system
 - Medicine
 - Nursing
 - Obstetrics
 - Pregnancy

- Pediatrics
- Viruses
 - Pathogenesis
 - Viral eradication
 - Viral reservoirs

Social issues

- Social aspects
 - Cultural aspects
 - Funerals
 - Gender issues
 - Feminism
 - Masculinity
 - History
 - Queer history
 - Internet
 - Language and linguistics
 - American sign language
 - Braille
 - Literacy
 - Health literacy
 - Pornography
 - Prisons
 - Queer culture
 - Bathhouses
 - Religious aspects
 - Christianity
 - Roman Catholic Church
 - Islam
 - Judaism
 - Rural issues
 - Sex trade
 - Sexuality
 - Sexual orientation
 - Bisexuality
 - Coming out
 - Homosexuality
 - Social interactions
 - Dating
 - Families
 - Relationships
 - HIV-discordant couples
 - Sexual behaviour
 - Abstinence
 - Anal sex
 - Barebacking
 - Masturbation
 - Oral sex
 - SM
 - Social support
 - Violence

- Domestic violence
- Sexual violence
- Social services
 - Access to social services
 - Caregiving
 - Home care
 - Hospices
 - Hotlines
 - Housing
 - Long-term care
 - Palliative care
 - Residential group care
 - Social service delivery
- Volunteerism

Testing information

- Testing
 - Mandatory testing
 - Oral tests
 - Rapid testing
 - Voluntary testing
 - Anonymous testing